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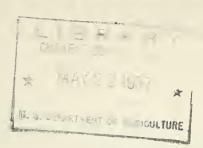
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# Consumer Purchases

of Selected FRUITS AND JUICES



in FEBRUARY



AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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Agriculture - Washington

#### PREFACE

This report presents estimated total household consumer purchases of fresh citrus fruits, canned juices, and frozen concentrated juices and ades. These data represent projections to national totals based on reported purchases, and related information, from a representative national sample of approximately 6,000 household consumers.

A committee of the Florida industry working with representatives of the Department and the Market Research Corporation of America has reviewed the accuracy of the data presented in this series of reports. Based on past experience, and comparison with packers' reports, Bureau of Census stock reports, and estimates of use other than by householders, the committee agreed that projection of purchases by the Market Research Corporation of America consumer panel to a national total basis results in an over-estimate of purchases of frozen concentrated orange juice and canned single-strength grape-fruit juice. However, for each of these products, these data are considered as reliable indicators of both trends and relative changes in household purchases from one period to another.

The reports are issued as a part of a program financed cooperatively by participating fruit industry groups and the U. S. Department of Agriculture with funds provided under the Agricultural Marketing Act.

All data for single months in the report are based on 4-week periods (28 days) in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length.

Based on data collected by the Market Research Corporation of America, under contract with the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

## CONSUMER PURCHASES OF SELECTED FRUITS AND JUICES IN FEBRUARY 1957

The data in this report represent estimated total purchases by household consumers only and do not include those by hotels, restaurants, hospitals, or other institutional outlets. Data for single months are for 4-week periods (28 days) only, in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length.

#### SUMMARY

U. S. household consumers purchased a larger volume of frozen concentrated juices in February 1957 than in either the preceding month or in February 1956. The increase over February 1956 reflected larger average purchases by those families buying; the proportion of families buying was lower.

Purchases of frozen orange concentrate, which comprised about 90 percent of all frozen concentrated juices, were up about 3 percent from February 1956. Prices paid were the lowest since July 1955.

Chilled orange juice purchases were down slightly from January 1957 as a result of smaller average purchases per buying family.

Purchases of single-strength orangeade in February 1957 were up from both the preceding month and February 1956, but purchases of shelf pack orangeade and frozen lemonade were both down from those two periods.

A greater quantity of single-strength juices was purchased by consumers in February 1957 than in either the preceding month or in February 1956. The increase over a year earlier was primarily due to larger purchases of tomato and "other" juices not individually reported. These gains more than offset reduced purchases of orange, grapefruit, and prune juices.

Purchases of fresh oranges, lemons, and grapefruit in February 1957, although greater than in the preceding month, were down from February 1956. Purchases of tangerines were down from both the preceding month and from February a year earlier. The smaller volume of fresh citrus fruit bought in February 1957 compared to February 1956 was the result of declines in the proportion of families buying. Prices paid for oranges were down in February 1957 from a year earlier, but prices were higher for grapefruit, lemons, and tangerines.

Frozen juices, refrigerated juices, and ades: Household consumers purchased about 5.2 million gallons of frozen concentrated orange juice in February 1957, an increase of 3 percent over February 1956. (Fig. 4) The greater volume of purchases resulted primarily from the 10 percent increase in the average quantity bought per buying family, as the proportion of families buying declined from 30.3 percent to 28.3 percent. Prices paid in February 1957 were the lowest since July 1955. (Table 1)

Frozen concentrated grapefruit juice was purchased by only 1 percent of U. S. families in February 1957. Data are not available for a year earlier. Since October 1956, when reporting was resumed for this product, the proportion of families buying frozen concentrated grapefruit juice has ranged from 0.9 to 1.3 percent.

Purchases of frozen concentrated juices other than orange in February 1957, were down about 6 percent from February 1956. "Other" frozen concentrated juices constituted about 10 percent of total purchases of frozen concentrated juices in February 1957, slightly less than in February a year earlier.

Consumer purchases of chilled orange juice during February 1957 were down slightly from the preceding month. This was the first time, since this series was begun in October 1956, that purchases during the month being reported failed to exceed those of the preceding month. The lower volume of purchases was due to the 10 percent decrease in the average quantity bought per buying family; the proportion of families buying increased.

Nearly 8 percent more single-strength orangeade was purchased by consumers in February 1957 than in February 1956. (Fig. 5) The volume of purchases increased as a result of a larger proportion of families buying the product, as those buying purchased smaller quantities than in February a year earlier. Prices were up slightly.

Purchases of frozen concentrated lemonade were down slightly from February 1956, due to the decrease in the proportion of families buying the product. (Table 1)

Less than 1 percent of the Nation's families purchased shelf pack orangeade, frozen concentrated orangeade, shelf pack lemonade, and frozen single-strength lemon juice in February 1957.

Canned juices and fruit: Consumers' purchases of single-strength orange juice in February 1957, while up from the preceding month, were 11 percent below February 1956. (Fig. 6) This decline was due to the effects of a smaller proportion of families buying the product, as those buying purchased a slightly larger average quantity. Prices paid were up by nearly 1 cent per 46 ounce can from February 1956.

Purchases of single-strength grapefruit juice in February 1957 were up from the preceding month, but down about 8 percent from February 1956. (Fig. 6) The drop in purchases reflected a decrease in both the proportion of families buying and in the average quantity bought per buying family. Prices paid for grapefruit juice were up more than 3 cents per 46 ounce can from February 1956. (Table 2)

Consumer purchases of single-strength lemon juice increased slightly over February 1956. Prices paid were almost unchanged.

Purchases of prune juice were down slightly from the preceding month and were about 5 percent smaller than in February 1956. The average quantity purchased per buying family was about 12 percent greater than in February a year earlier. However, this increase was more than offset by a decrease from 9.1 to 7.6 percent in the proportion of families buying. Prices paid were up 0.4 cent per 32 ounces from February 1956.

More tomato juice was purchased by householders in February 1957 than in any month since November 1955. The greater volume of purchases resulted from an increase in the proportion of families buying, as the average quantity bought per buying family dropped slightly. Prices paid averaged 27.4 cents a 46 ounce can--fractionally lower than in February 1956.

Purchases of "other" single-strength juices -- those not individually reported in this series -- were up 10 percent from February 1956. About 41 percent of total single-strength juices purchased were "other" juices in February 1957, compared to 38 percent in February 1956. (Table 2)

Consumer purchases of grapefruit sections were down about 7 percent from January 1957, reflecting decreases in both the proportion of families buying and in the average quantity bought per buying family. Data are not available for a year earlier. (Table 2)

Fresh fruit: Household purchases of California-Arizona oranges were 14 percent below February 1956, reflecting decreases in both the proportion of families buying and in the average quantity purchased per buying family. Prices paid were 2.6 cents per dozen higher than a year earlier. (Fig. 8)

Purchases of Florida oranges in February 1957 were down about 8 percent from February 1956. The decrease was due to the effects of a smaller proportion of families buying, as those buying purchased a slightly larger average quantity. Prices were 2 cents per dozen lower. (Table 3)

Purchases of Florida and unidentified fresh grapefruit were down 19 and 24 percent respectively from February 1956. Fewer families bought and those buying purchased a smaller average quantity. Prices paid for Florida and unidentified grapefruit were up 7.3 and 8.9 cents per dozen respectively from a year earlier. (Table 3)

Purchases of California-Arizona grapefruit, which comprised about 10 percent of total grapefruit purchases during February 1957, were up about 36 percent from February 1956. (Fig. 8) Both the proportion of families buying and the average quantity purchased per buying family were up from February 1956. Prices paid were 8.6 cents per dozen lower.

About 220,000 boxes of fresh lemons were purchased by consumers in February 1957, a decrease of 9 percent from February 1956, and the smallest February volume of purchases since 1952. The decline reflected a smaller proportion of families buying. Prices paid were up 2.8 cents per dozen from a year earlier.

Purchases of fresh tangerines during February 1957 were down about 31 percent from February 1956, but cumulative purchases in the 4 month period November 1956-February 1957 were only 2 percent below purchases in the comparable period a year earlier.

Tangerines were bought by a smaller proportion of families in February 1957 than a year earlier, with those buying purchasing smaller average quantities. Prices paid were nearly 4 cents per dozen higher. (Table 3)

Table 1.--Frozen juices, refrigerated juices, and ades: U. S. total consumer purchases and average price, February 1957 and 1956 (4-week period)

	Percent		:			Per buyi	ng family			Average	price
Commodity	all fan buyir		: Total qu :	uantity	Purc	hases	Quanti purc		Unit	per t	
	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956		1957	1956
	Percent	Percent	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Number	Number	Ounces	Ounces	Ounces	Cents	Cents
Frozen concentrated juices											
Orange Grapefruit Other concentrates	1.0	30•3 1/ 2/	5,166 81 518	5,012 1/ 639	2.2 1.3 <u>2</u> /	2.2 1/ 2/	21.6 16.3 13.6	19.7 1/ 16.5	6 6 6	16.0 14.0 17.9	16.7 1/ 14.8
Total	30.1	32.3	5,765	5,651	2.4	2.4	20.4	18.8			
Refrigerated juice											
Chilled orange juice	3.6	<u>1</u> /	1,650	1/	3.1	1_/	38.5	<u>1</u> /	<u>3</u> /	35•7	<u>1</u> /
Concentrated ades	:										
Frozen	:										
Lemonade	1.9	2.2	<b>1</b> 61	163	1.5	1.3	14.6	15.0	6	14.4	14.8
Shelf-pack											
Orangeade	4/	1.2	4/	113	4/	1.7	4/	14.3	6	4/	16.3
Single-strength ade											
Canned orangeade	3.2	3.0	409	379	1.7	1.7	65.9	69.4	46	27.9	27.6

<sup>1/</sup> Data not obtained for this period.
2/ Information not available.
3/ Per equivalent quart.
4/ Too few purchases reported for analysis.

Table 2.--Canned fruit and single-strength juices: U. S. total consumer purchases and average price, February 1957 and 1956 (4-week period)

	Percent		:		:	Per buyin	g family		:		
Commodity	: all families : buying :		: Total quantity :		Purch	: Purchases		Quantity per purchase		Average per	unit
	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956		1957	1956
	Percent	Percent	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Number	Number	Ounces	Ounces	Ounces	Cents	Cents
Canned fruit											
Grapefruit sections	5.0	2/	260	2/	1.3	2/	39.0	2/	<u>3</u> / 16	18.1	2/
Canned juices											
Orange Grapefruit		10.6 8.7	956 939	1,077 1,025	1.7	1.7 1.6	55.1 66.8	54·5 65•5	46 46	34.0 27.9	33.1 24.8
Lemon	2.0	1.9	38	37	1.2	1.2	13.8	14.7	5 ½	12.6	12.5
Prune Tomato		9.1 17.6	686 1,811	719 1,659	1.9 1.5	1.8 1.6	40.5 56.9	38.2 53.6	32 46	32.8 27.4	32.4 27.6
Total 4/	47.7	49.2	7,534	7,339	2.6	2.6	52.1	50.6			

<sup>1/</sup> Equivalent cases of No. 2 cans--432 ownces per case.
2/ Date not obtained for this period.
3/ Net weight 1 lb. (No. 303 can).
1/ Includes other canned single-strength juices.

Table 3.--Fresh citrus fruit: U. S. total consumer purchases and average price, February 1957 and 1956 (4-week period)

	Percent all fam		Total	quantity		Per buying	g family		Average	
Commodity :	: buying				Purc	hases	: Quantit		per d	lozen
:	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956
	Percent	Percent	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Number	Number	Units	Units	Cents	Cents
ranges :										
California-Arizona	18.8	22.6 20.4 11.5	1,024 1,294 461	1,191 1,399 462	1.7 2.0 1.6	1.8 2.0 1.5	11.5 14.2 11.6	11.5 13.6 10.8	50.6 38.2 41.7	48.0 40.2 44.0
Total 1/:	43.7	46.2	2,944	3,142	2.1	2.2	12.9	12.3	42.4	43.7
apefruit :										
California-Arizona Florida Unidentified	19.7	3.1 23.3 10.1	243 1,343 404	179 1,659 528	1.5 1.9 1.4	1.5 2.0 1.4	7.1 5.7 5.4	5.7 5.6 5.8	65.0 82.9 80.6	73.6 75.6 71.7
Total <u>l</u> /	31.8	35.1	2,407	2,672	1.9	2.0	6.1	5.8	76.1	73.4
mons:	17.2	19.3	220	242	1.5	1.5	6.0	5.9	49.1	46.3
ngerines:	6.8	8.3	302	435	1.4	1.4	11.4	12.9	35.2	31.3

<sup>1/</sup> Includes small purchases of Texas fruit.

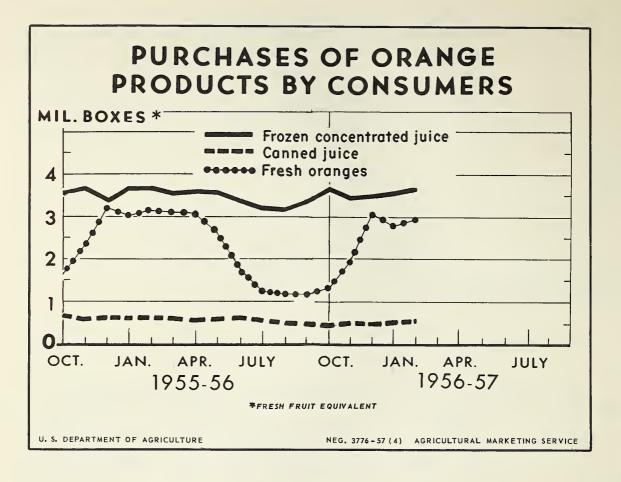


Figure 1
Consumer purchases of orange products, equivalent boxes of fresh oranges, October 1955 to date

Period	Fre oran		: Frozen con	centrated e juice	Canned s streng orange j	th	Total		
	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	
:	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	
tobervember	1,301 1,961 3,045	1,643 2,350 3,270	3,620 3,440 3,496	3,597 3,621 3,395	459 494 480	688 594 647	5,380 5,895 7,021	5,928 6,565 7,312	
October-December 1/:		8,020	11,360	11,471	1,558	2,088	19,986	21,579	
nuary	2,772 2,944	3,008 3,142 3,126	3,531 3,689	3,671 3,649 3,569	516 566	648 645 612	6,819 7,199	7,327 7,436 7,307	
October-March 1/:		18,166		23,406		4,155		45,727	
rily		3,055 2,617 1,726 26,041		3,603 3,565 3,390 34,916		578 602 610 6,078		7,236 6,784 5,726 67,035	
; ly; gust; ptember;		1,268 1,160 1,129		3,201 3,147 3,310		534 484 499		5,003 4,791 4,938	
Season 1/:		29,875		45,455		7,480		82,810	

<sup>1/</sup> The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

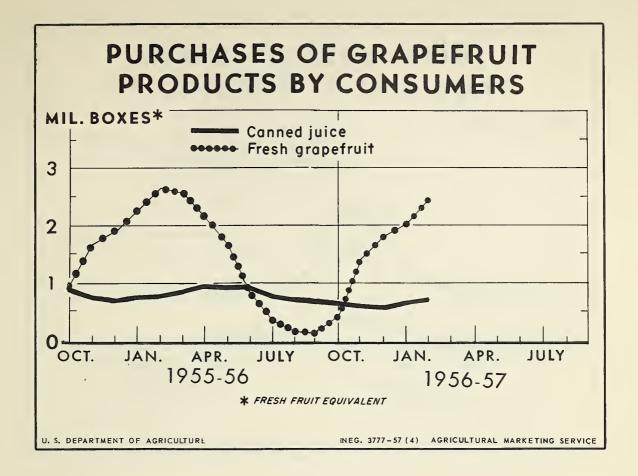


Figure 2

Consumer purchases of grapefruit products, equivalent boxes of fresh grapefruit, October 1955 to date

Period	Fre grapei		str	single- ength it juice	Total		
	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	
tober	444	984	674	813	1,118	1,797	
ovember:	1,359 1,839	1,695 1,932	620 592	674 732	1,979 2,431	2,369 2,664	
October-December 1/	4,076	5,165	592 2,663	2,407	6,739	7,572	
anuary	2,020	2,246 2,672	673 7 <b>1</b> 6	75 <sup>1</sup> 4 788	2,693 3,123	3,000 3,450	
ebruary:	2,407	2,543	(10	857	3,123	3,400	
October-March 1/:		13,370		5,006		18,376	
pril:: ay:		2 <b>,1</b> 65		940 926		3,105 2,594	
une:		1,668 860		940		1,800	
October-June 1/:		18,411		8,029		26,440	
uly: ugust:		353 184		768 705		1,121 889	
eptember:		161		679		840	
Season 1/:		19,142		10,349		29,491	

<sup>1/</sup> The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

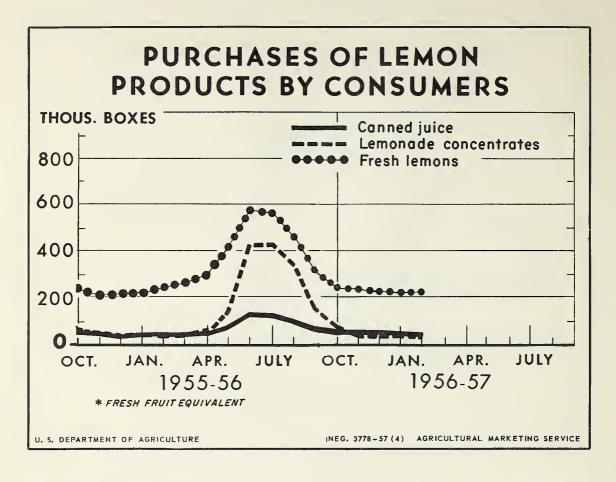


Figure 3 Consumer purchases of lemon products, equivalent boxes of fresh lemons, October 1955 to date

:	Fresh	. :	Lemon		C	oncentrate	for lemonade	· :		
Period	lemor	ıs :	juice 1/ :		Frozen		Total	2/	Tot	al
;	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56
:	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes
October November December	232 223	228 207 216	53 44 50	39 35 36	74 31 35	49 37 31	75 <b>32</b> 36	53 39 34	376 308 309	320 281 286
October-December 3/  January February  March	217 220	713 218 242 261	162 49 42	129 37 42 42	151 37 34	125 32 34 37	154 38 35	133 37 36 40	1,090 304 297	975 292 320 343 2,009
October-March <u>3</u> /		288 416 573 2,876	,	262 46 71 124 528		236 58 135 410 894		255 59 138 425 937		2,009 393 625 1,122 4,341
uly		563 457 309 4,303		117 96 65 815		415 341 137 1,870		426 351 141 1,940		1,106 904 515 7,058

Includes canned single-strength lemon juice and small quantities of frozen single-strength juice.

Includes shelf pack lemonade base.

3/ Includes shelf pack lemonade base.

3/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

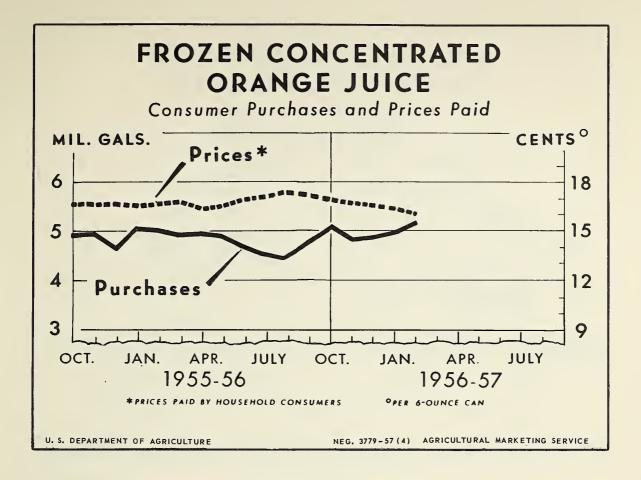


Figure 4

Frozen concentrated orange juice: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1955 to date

	Purc	hases	Average per 6 o	
Period	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56
	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents
ctober	5,070	4,962	17.0	16.6
ovember:	4,818 4,896	4,995	16.7 16.6	16.6
october-December 1/	15,911	4,68 <u>3</u> 15,822	10.0	16.7
anuary:	4,945	5,043	16.3	16.6
ebruary:	5,166	5,012	16.0	16.7
october-March 1/		4,903 32,216		16.8
pril		4,970		16.4
ay:				16.5
une:		4,917 4,676		16.8
October-June 1/		48,092		
uly		4,515		17.0
ugust:		4,439 4,669		17.3
eptember Season 1/		62,957		17.2
Jeason 1/		02,331		

<sup>1/</sup> The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

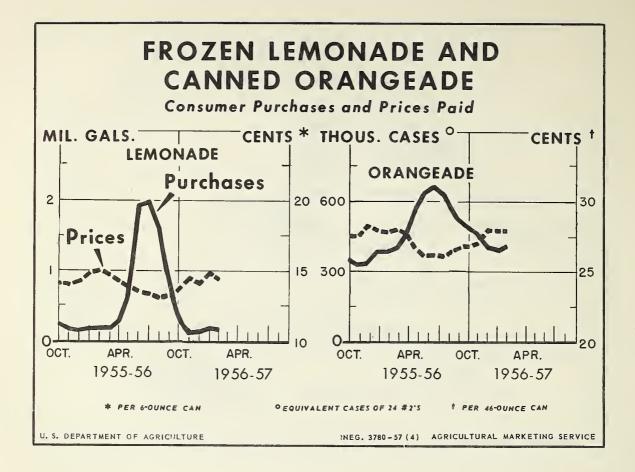


Figure 5
Frozen lemonade and canned single-strength orangeade: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1955 to date

10		Frozen :	lemonade	:	Canne	d single-st	trength orang	eade	
Period	Pur	chases	: Average : per 6 oz		Purchs	ses	: Average price : per 46 oz. can		
	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955 <b>-</b> 56	
	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	Cents	Cents	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents	
ctober ovember	148	230 174 147	13.4 14.3 14.1	14.0 14.0 14.3	484 466 401	35 <b>1</b> 326 330	26.9 27.2 28.0	27.5 27.3 28.2	
October-December 2/		593			1,428	1,071			
anuaryebruary	176 161	153 163 177	14.9 14.4	14.8 14.8 14.7	393 409	379 379 393	27.9 <b>2</b> 7.9	27.9 27.6 28.0	
October-March 2/		1,121				2,348			
orily		273 640 <b>1,</b> 942		14.2 13.8 13.6		446 563 634		27.6 26.7 26.2	
October-June 2/		4,239				4,106			
uly		1,966 1,614 648		13.3 13.1 13.3		660 627 522		26.2 26.1 26.6	
Season 2/		8,866				6,087	_		

<sup>1/</sup> Equivalent cases of 24 No. 2 cans-432 ounces per case.
2/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

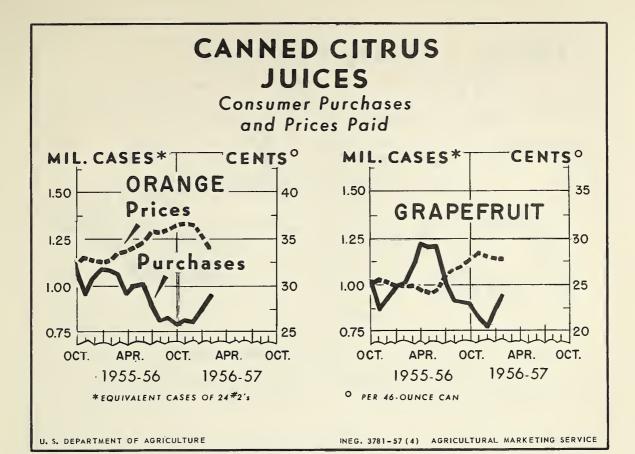


Figure 6

Canned citrus juices: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1955 to date

		Ore	ange		:	Grape	fruit	
Period	Purc	hases	: Averag : per 46	e price oz. can	Purc	hases		oz. can
	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56
	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents	1,000 cases 1/	1,000 cases 1/	Cents	Cents
tobervembercember	834	1,104 954 1,038	36.4 36.6 36.4	32.3 33.0 32.8	884 813 776	1,033 857 930	27.9 28.6 28.1	25.3 25.5 25.2
October-December 2/		3,351			2,663	3,059		
anuaryebruaryarch	956	1,081 1,077 1,021	35.0 34.0	32.7 33.1 33.5	882 9 <b>39</b>	981 1,025 1,114	27.9 27.9	24.9 24.8 24.8
October-March 2/		6,801				6,439		
prilay.		960 1,000 1,013		33·5 34·2 34·5		1,223 1,204 1,221		24.5 24.4 24.6
October-June 2/		9,996				10,370		
uly ugusteptember		898 814 839		35.7 35.6 36.2		1,007 924 890		26.0 26.6 27.3
Season 2/		12,751				13,410		

<sup>1/</sup> Equivalent cases of 24 No. 2 cans--432 ounces per case.
2/ The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods.
Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

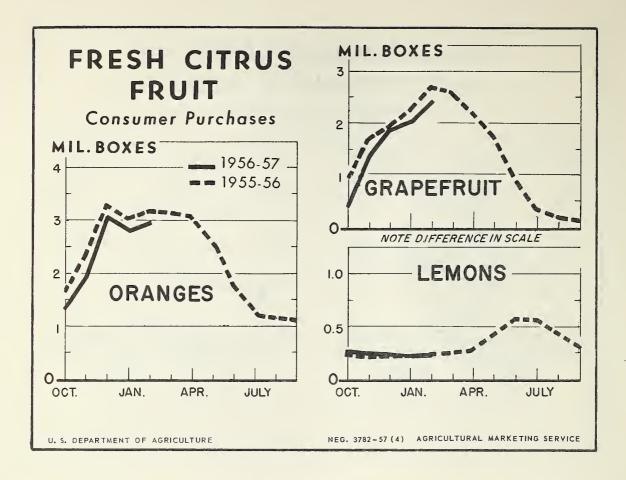


Figure 7
Fresh citrus fruit: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1955 to date

		Oran	ges	:		Grapef	ruit	:		Lemon	ns		
Period	Purch	ases	Average price : per dozen :		Purch	Purchases		price : Purch		ases : Average : per d			
	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	19 <b>5</b> 6-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	
october.	1,961 3,045	1,643 2,350 3,270	45.2 40.0 39.8	42.1 37.9 39.4	444 1,359 1,839	984 1,695 1,932	118.7 90.0 82.6	90.7 80.1 77.8	248 232 223	228 207 216	46.2 47.5 47.4	43.9 45.5 46.8	
October-December 1/  January  ebruary  arch	2,772 2,944	3,008 3,142 3,126	41.8 42.4	41.4 43.7 44.9	4,076 2,020 2,407	5,165 2,246 2,672 2,543	80.3 76.1	77.9 73.4 76.0	77 <sup>4</sup> 217 220	713 218 242 261	50.1 49.1	48.1 46.3 44.6	
October-March 1/  pril.  ay.  une  October-June 1/		3,055 2,617 1,726 26,041		45.8 51.5 53.0		2,165 1,668 860 18,411		81.1 91.3 100.5		1,492 288 416 573 2,876		42.5 40.2 44.0	
uly. ugust. eptember Season <u>1</u> /.		1,268 1,160 1,129 29,875		45.8 43.0 44.7		353 184 161 19,142		105.6 108.8 120.5		563 457 309 4,303		44.6 43.9 45.8	

<sup>1/</sup> The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

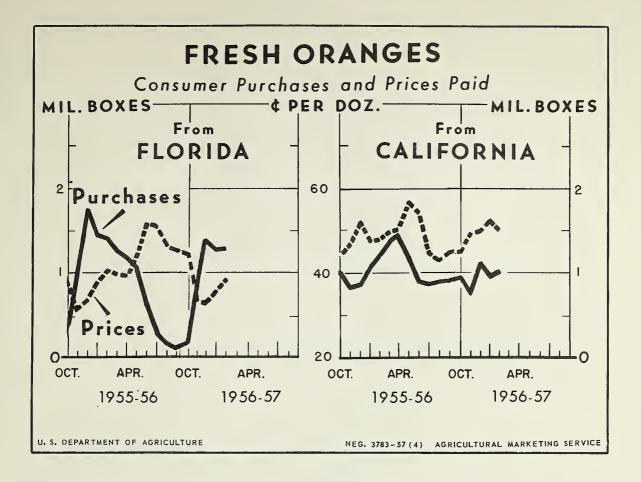


Figure 8

Florida and California-Arizona fresh oranges: Consumer purchases and average price paid, October 1955 to date

		Fl	orida		California-Arizona					
Period	Purch	ases		e price dozen	Pur	chases	: Average price : per dozen			
:	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56	1956-57	1955-56		
	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents	1,000 boxes	1,000 boxes	Cents	Cents		
tobervembercember.	166 855 1,368	390 1,081 1,765	44.9 33.4 32.8	36.8 32.0 33.8	938 746 1,098	1,009 842 871	45.6 48.6 49.8	44.6 47.0 52.2		
October-December 1/	2,750	3,618			3,024	2,953				
nuary ebruary erch	1,269 1,294	1,427 1,399 1,261	35.8 38.2	37.5 40.2 39.6	978 1,024	1,063 1,191 1,384	52.4 50.6	47.4 48.0 49.8		
October-March <u>1</u> /		8,070				6,944				
ril		1,186 1,065 596		39.7 44.5 51.5		1,458 1,190 892		50.3 56.9 54.1		
October - June 1/		11,137				10,679				
nlygust		248 144 86		50.8 46.8 45.1		859 8 <b>7</b> 0 886		հ4.8 42.8 հ4.7		
Season <u>1</u> /		11,639				13,515				

<sup>1/</sup> The data on household purchases are based on 4-week periods (28 days) during each month in order to permit comparisons between periods of equal length. The season-to-date totals shown each 3 months are based on complete calendar periods. Therefore, an additional week is included in the cumulative purchase totals for each 3-month period.

